

2024

PHILOSOPHY

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 33

Time : Three hours

Answer all the questions.

The figures in the right margin indicate full marks of the questions.

Answer the following questions by choosing the correct answer from the given alternatives A, B, C or D.

1. Orthodox indicate – 1
 - (A) Who believe in Athiests
 - (B) Who believe in Rebirth
 - (C) Who believe in Veda or God
 - (D) Who believe in God but not in Rebirth
2. Moksa is the realization of the – 1
 - (A) Slavery
 - (B) Moral good
 - (C) Bondage
 - (D) Infinite bliss of god
3. What do you mean by Artha ? 1
 - (A) Desire
 - (B) Wealth
 - (C) Release
 - (D) Uphold

P.T.O.

4. Which one is not a part of purusartha ?

- (A) Pratihara
- (B) Dharma
- (C) Moksa
- (D) Artha

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5. Sankara was a –

- (A) Absolute Monism
- (B) Absolute Dualism
- (C) Absolute Idealism
- (D) Absolute Materialism

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6. 'Matter is nothing but a cluster of qualities'. This statement is given by –

- (A) Locke
- (B) Descartes
- (C) Berkeley
- (D) Hegel

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7. The world outside us is neither hot nor cold neither bright nor dark, neither sweet nor sour says –

- (A) Hegel
- (B) Locke
- (C) Descartes
- (D) Berkeley

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8. Moral judgement is a –

- (A) Judgement of Value
- (B) Judgement of fact
- (C) Judgement of action
- (D) All of the above

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Answer Question Nos. 9 – 16 in a sentence each.

1×8=8

9. What do you mean by pratityasamutpada ?

10. What does Anekantavada stand for ?

11. What is the ultimate cause of prakrti ?

12. What does Maya means ?
13. What is the efficient cause of the World according to Samkhya ?
14. What is reflection ?
15. "There is nothing in the intellect which was not previously in the sense except the intellect itself", who said this statement ?
16. Define Ethics.

Answer Question Nos. 17 – 26 in about 30 words.

2×10=20

17. Explain philosophy.
18. Explain the Law of Karma.
19. Briefly explain the Jaina doctrine of Syadvada.
20. How many padarthas are there in Vaisesika sutra? Name them.
21. Explain "Intuition" according to Descartes.
22. Discuss the relation between science and philosophy.
23. Why does Hume say that causality is not sufficient?
24. Explain Abstract monism.
25. Explain the term "Motive".
26. Examine the term Intention.

Answer Question Nos. 27 – 34 in about 60 words each.

27. Write any four common features of the different school of Indian philosophy. 4

Or

State the Indian school of philosophy according to their acceptance and rejection of Veda/God. 4

28. Explain four purusarthas. 4
29. Explain briefly the nature of Brahman of Advaita Vedanta of Sankara. 4

Or

Explain briefly Advaita Vedanta of Nirguna Brahman. 4

30. "Maya is called Unmanifest (Avyakta)". Explain. 4

31. Analyse Empericism of John Locke as a Theory of Knowledge. 4
Or
 Analyse Rationalism of Descartes as a Theory of Knowledge. 4
32. Explain Monism with regards to Theory of Reality. 4
33. Examine Dualism with regards to Theory of Reality. 4
34. Differentiate Moral and Non-moral action. 4
Or
 Differentiate Moral judgement from a judgement of fact. 4
Answer Question Nos. 35 – 38 in about 150 words each.
35. Explain the Four Noble Truth of Buddhism. 2×4=8
Or
 Explain the Jaina Theory of Syadvada. 8
36. Examine the Concept of Substance (Dravya) advocated by Vaisesika school of philosophy. 8
Or
 Examine Samkhya Theory of Causation. 8
37. Discuss the fundamental tenets of Locke's Critical realism. 8
Or
 Discuss the subjective Idealism of Berkeley. 8
38. Examine the Hume Theory of Causality. 8
Or
 Examine Aristotle view of Causation. 8
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