

2020

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Full Marks : 100

Pass Marks : 33

Time : Three hours

- I. *All the questions are compulsory.*
- II. *The figures in the right margin indicate full marks for the questions.*
- III. *Internal options are given in Essay Type Questions.*

Question Nos. 1 to 4 are objective type questions with four alternatives of which one of them is correct. Select and rewrite the correct answer along with corresponding alphabet.

1. The Bharatiya Jana Sangh (BJS) was founded by : 1
 - A. Acharya Narendra Dev
 - B. A.K. Gopalan
 - C. Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
 - D. C. Raja Gopalachari

P.T.O.

2. When did Maharaja Hari Singh sign the Instrument of Accession with India?

1

(A) 1946

(B) 1947

(C) 1948

(D) 1960

3. Who among the following was the pioneer of Dravidian Movement in South India?

1

(A) C.N. Annadurai

(B) M. Karunanidhi

(C) J. Jayalalita

(D) E.M. Ramaswami Naicker

4. Who was the chairman of the First Backward Classes Commission ?

1

(A) B.P. Mandal

(B) Kaka Kalelkar

(C) Kalyan Singh

(D) Laloo Prasad Yadav

Question Nos. 5 to 12 are Very Short Answer (VSA) Questions. Answer these questions in a word or a sentence each.

5. When was the ideology of "Socialistic Pattern of Society" adopted in India ? 1
6. Which Princely State merged with India by holding plebiscite ? 1
7. What is meant by Instrument of Accession ? 1
8. What is meant by the term coalition ? 1
9. What is meant by Tamil Elam ? 1
10. What is the full form of SAARC ? 1
11. Which body in UN elect the non-permanent members of UN Security Council ? 1
12. What is the main function of World Trade Organisation ? 1

Question Nos. 13 to 24 are Short Answer Type-II (SA-II) Questions. Answer these questions in about 15 to 25 words each.

13. Why is the Simple Majority System considered to be less democratic ? Give two points. 2
14. Why did Mahatma Gandhi say "Tomorrow (15th, August) will be a day of rejoicing as well as mourning ? 2
15. Why did Nehru favour to keep away from the politics of power blocs ? 2
16. Why did India at first refuse to sign the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) ? 2

17. Explain in brief the difficulties in running a coalition government in India. 2
18. Explain in brief how was the logic of deterrence during the cold war led to human survival? 2
19. Why do some nations want the abolition of veto power in UN Security Council? 2
20. How was the Green Revolution led to serious environmental degradation? 2
21. How did Chinese invasion in 1962 undermine India's image? 2
22. How did the disintegration of former Soviet Union bring changes in power equation in the world? 2
23. How did the lack of real support for democratic rule ensure the dominance of military in Pakistan? 2
24. How did the Leftists in India oppose globalisation? 2

Question Nos. 25 to 32 are Short Answer Type-I (SA-I) Questions. Answer these questions in about 30 to 50 words each.

25. Explain any four basic characteristics of a political party. 4
26. Explain two points each of the opponents and the proponents views on the special status enjoyed by Jammu and Kashmir under article 370 of the constitution.
2+2 = 4
27. Explain how did the Gandhian model of development differ from that of Nehruvian model. 4

28. Explain the significance of Shimla Agreement signed between India and Pakistan in 1972. 4
29. Examine any four negative traits of Nehru's approach to Nation Building. 4
30. Examine how regional aspirations poses challenge to national integration. 4
31. Analyse how globalisation increased misery and caused inequality among people? 4
32. Draw the election symbol of Bharatiya Janata Party? 4

Question Nos. 33 to 36 are Essay-Type Questions. Answer these questions in about 120 to 150 words each.

33. What is meant by Security? What are the different traditional forms of techniques for maintaining co-operation among nations? 2+6=8

Or

What is meant by globalisation? Mention various circumstances leading to globalisation. 2+6=8

34. Explain the main factors that led to unfriendly relationship between India and Pakistan. 4×2=8

Or

Explain the process and events that led to the restoration of democracy in Nepal. 8

35. Explain the reasons which make 'United Nations' an important world body? 8

Or

Explain the powers and functions of UN Security Council with reference to Veto Power of its permanent members. 8

36. "The policy of Non-Alignment is neither the policy of isolationism nor the policy of neutrality" Examine. 8

Or

Examine the role of Gorbachev and his reforms that led to the disintegration of former Soviet Union. 8